MELAG

Technical Description

Autoclave

Euroklav®23 VS+
Euroklav®29 VS+

as of software version 4.06

Dear doctor,

We thank you for your confidence demonstrated by the purchase of this autoclave.

More than 55 years ago, MELAG began as a medium-sized family-run enterprise to specialise in the manufacture of sterilization equipment for medical practices. In the meantime our company has grown into one of the world's leading producers of sterilization equipment. Verification of it success has been the sale of more than 400,000 MELAG units worldwide, attesting to the high quality of our sterilizers, which are exclusively made in Germany.

This autoclave has also been manufactured and tested according to the most stringent quality criteria. Nevertheless, please read the Technical description carefully before the initial start-up of the device. The long-term serviceability and the retention of value of your autoclave depend primarily on the careful preparation of the instruments and the regular maintenance of the device.

MELAG - General Management and employees

CE 0124

For physicians, physician's assistants, and service personnel

Please read this Technical description before you start operation of the autoclave. The instructions contain important safety precautions. Make sure to keep the Technical description near to the autoclave. The instructions are a part of the product.

Technical description of Euroklav®23 VS+, Euroklav®29 VS+

MELAG Medical Technology Berlin

Valid for Euroklav®23 VS+, Euroklav®29 VS+
as of software version 4.06

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Subject to technical changes

Foreword

Thank you for deciding to buy this MELAG autoclave.

This Technical description describes both the autoclaves Euroklav®23 VS+ and Euroklav®29 VS+. They are identical except for their chamber depth and device depth.

Device name

The device name "autoclave" is used in this Technical description to designate the steam sterilizers Euroklav®23 VS+ and Euroklav®29 VS+.

Technical description

The Technical description contains important safety instructions and information which you need to operate the autoclave. Read these instructions carefully and thoroughly in proper sequence.

Avoid dangers

Please read all the safety instructions attentively before using the autoclave.

About this manual

Symbol	*Meaning*	*Explanation*
Danger!	Risk to health	Indicates a dangerous situation which if not avoided could entail slight to life-threatening injuries.
Warning!	Observe without fail	Indicates a dangerous situation which if not avoided could entail damage to the instruments, the practice equipment or the autoclave.
	Important information	Indicates important information.

Example of emphasis	*Meaning*	*Explanation*
→Conductivity measurement	Glossary entry	Words or phrases marked with an arrow are explained in the glossary. The glossary is listed alphabetically. It can be found at the end of this manual.
`Universal program`	Software citation	Words or phrases appearing on the →display of the autoclave are marked as software citations.
Chapter 6 – Logging	Cross-reference	Reference to another text section within this Technical description.
Figure 1/(5)	Cross-reference	Reference to a detail in a figure – in the example, to Part No. 5 in Figure 1.

Safety instructions

To operate the autoclave, pay attention to the following safety instructions given below and in the individual chapters of this Technical description.

Instruction

- Do not sterilize any liquids with this autoclave.

Mains cable and power plug

- Never damage or change the mains cable or power plug.
- Never operate the autoclave if the mains cable or power plug are damaged.
- Never pull on the mains cable to take it out of the socket. Always take hold of the power plug itself.

Setting up, installation, commissioning

- Only have the autoclave set up, installed, and commissioned by people authorised by MELAG.
- Only operate the autoclave in areas which are not subject to explosion hazards.
- The electric connections and connections for feed water and used water may only be completed by a specialist technician.

Preparation and sterilization of textiles and instruments

- Follow the instructions of the textile and instrument manufacturers for preparing and sterilizing textiles and instruments.
- Observe the relevant standards and directives for the preparation and sterilization of textiles and instruments, e.g. →RKI [Robert Koch Institute] and →DGSV [German Society for Sterile Supply].
- Only use wrapping materials and systems which are suitable for steam sterilization according to the manufacturer's information.

Program termination

- Take heed that when opening the door after terminating a running program, hot water steam can escape out of the chamber, depending on when the program was terminated.
- Depending on the time of the program termination, the load might not be sterile. Observe the clear instructions shown on the →display of the autoclave. If necessary, sterilize the affected →objects after rewrapping.

Removal of the items to be sterilized

- Never open the door by force.
- Use a tray lifter to remove the tray. Never touch the →sterilized items, the chamber or the door with unprotected hands. The parts are hot.
- Check the wrapping of the sterilized objects for damage when removing them from the autoclave. If a wrapping is damaged, wrap the object again and re-sterilize it.

Maintenance

- Have the maintenance done only by →authorized persons.

Carrying the autoclave

- Two people are necessary to carry the autoclave.
- Use a suitable carrying strap to transport the autoclave.

Errors

- If repeated error messages occur while operating the autoclave, turn the device off and notify your specialist dealer.
- Only have the autoclave repaired by →authorized persons.

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Chapter 1 – Performance Specification

In this chapter you learn

- **Under which conditions and for which purpose you should use this autoclave**
- **What benefit you can achieve by using this autoclave**
- **Which sterilization programs you can use**

Proper use

Application area

The autoclave is intended for use in every kind of general medical area where no Class B autoclave is required due to the instruments used and type of packaging.

Sterilization tasks

According to →DIN EN 13060 this autoclave is considered a Class S sterilizer. As a universal autoclave, it is suited for sterilizing wrapped simple hollow body instruments (Hollow Body B) and smaller quantities of textiles.

Danger of burning!

Observe the following instructions for using the autoclave:

- Do not sterilize any liquids with this autoclave. It is not approved for the sterilization of liquids.

In case of non-observance, the consequences could be →delayed boiling, damage to the autoclave and burns.

Warning!

- Use the autoclave only for the intended purposes outlined in the related technical documents and only in connection with the devices and components approved by MELAG.
- The sterilization of instruments and textiles with this autoclave, like the foregoing instrument sterilization, is only to be done by competent personnel.
- Only use instruments, wrappings and textiles which are suitable for steam sterilization according to the manufacturer's information.

In case of non-observance the consequences can entail damage to the autoclave and/or to the →items to be sterilized.

User benefit

Universal use

The autoclave sterilizes on the basis of the →pre-vacuum method combined with the →fractionated flow method. These methods ensure the complete and effective wetting or penetration of the items to be sterilized with saturated steam. The procedure can also be used to safely and quickly sterilize wrapped instruments or textiles.

Low time expenditure, overheating protection

To generate the sterilization steam, the autoclave uses an →integrated steam generator. The sterilizer chamber is protected from overheating and you can sterilize instruments and small quantities of textiles in a short time.

Automatic pre-heating

The cold chamber is preheated on activation of preheating or can be maintained at a specific temperature between two sterilizations. This shortens the program time periods and reduces the formation of condensate to give improved drying results.

Internal feed water supply in one-way and circulatory flow system

The autoclave works both according to the feed water one-way system as well as the feed water circulatory flow system.
In the one-way system, it uses fresh purified feed water for every sterilization run. The quality of the feed water is constantly monitored via integrated conductivity measurement. This prevents stains on instruments and soiling of the autoclave, provided the instruments have been carefully prepared. In the feed water circulatory flow system, the autoclave works in a more water-conserving manner, since the feed water is used for several sterilization runs. The quality of the feed water is constantly monitored via integrated conductivity measurement here as well.

Automatic feed water supply

The →feed water for generating the steam is automatically supplied via an internal water storage tank or a water treatment unit (e.g. MELA*dem*® 40, MELA*dem*® 47).

Optimal drying for wrapped items to be sterilized

The sterilized items are dried with the →pulsating overpressure and vacuum drying method. This way you achieve optimal drying results for wrapped objects as well.

Optimized total operating time

The autoclave works with an →electronic parameter control. This way the autoclave optimizes the total operating time of a program depending on the load.

High safety with extensive safety devices

The autoclave verifies pressure and temperature in the sterilization chamber at all times and its door locking system does not permit opening the door when there is overpressure in the chamber.
A →process evaluation system is integrated in the electronics of the autoclave. It monitors the process parameters such as temperature, time and pressure during a program. It monitors the parameters with respect to their limit values at activation and control and guarantees a safe and successful sterilization.
If one or more parameters are above or fall below the determined limit values, the autoclave outputs a warning or fault messages and, if necessary, aborts the program. In the event of an automatic program abort, observe the information on the display.

Additional function check

With the help of the test programs, you can conduct an additional function check at any time.
With the →Bowie & Dick-test, you can verify the autoclave for sufficient steam penetration of porous sterilizing materials (e.g. textiles).
With →Conductivity measurement, you can verify the water quality of the feed water.

Effective batch documentation

The autoclave has an internal log memory which can save up to 40 program cycles. All data of the completed programs are automatically stored here.
You can read out the internal log memory immediately after the end of the program, or at a later time.

Overview of sterilization programs

Type tests	***Universal-Program***	***Quick-Program S***	***Gentle-Program***	***Prion-Program***
Program type as per →DIN EN 13060	Type S	Type S	Type S	Type S
→Dynamic pressure test of the sterilization chamber	X	X	X	X
→Air leak	X	X	X	X
→Empty chamber test	X	X	X	X
→Solid load	X	X	X	X
→Porous partial load	X		X	X
→Porous full load				
→Hollow body B	X	X	X	X
→Hollow body A				
→Simple wrapping	X	X	X	X
→Multiple wrapping	X	X	X	X
Drying →solid load	X	X	X	X
Drying →porous load	X		X	X
Sterilization temperature	134°C	134°C	121°C	134°C
Sterilization pressure	2 bar	2 bar	1 bar	2 bar
Sterilization time	5.5 min.	3.5 min.	20.5 min.	20.5 min.
X = Conformity with all applicable sections of the standard →DIN EN 13060				

Chapter 2 – Device Description

In this chapter you learn

- **Which components are included in the standard scope of delivery**
- **Which components the autoclave contains**
- **What safety devices the autoclave has**
- **How the operating elements are designed and how you should use them**
- **How the menus of the user interface are structured**
- **What kind of water supply the autoclave needs**

Scope of delivery

Standard scope of delivery

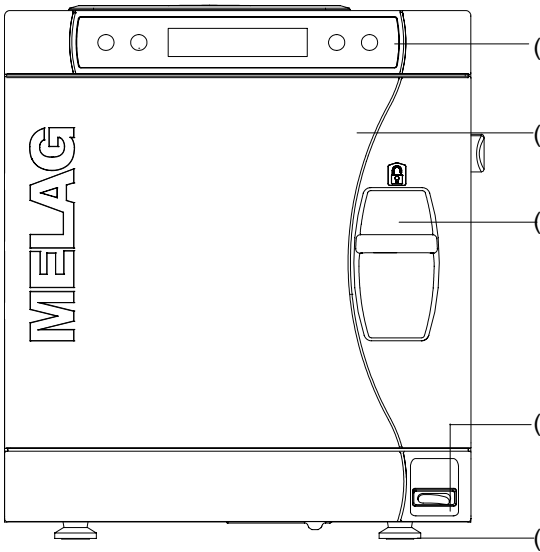
- Euroklav®23 VS+ or Euroklav®29 VS+
- Technical description
- Technical Manual
- Warranty certificate
- Manufacturer's inspection report
- Pressure device directive certificate
- Record of installation and setting up
- 1 Mounting for trays or cassettes
- 1 hose for draining the internal storage tank
- 1 TORX wrench for removing the carrying strap
- 1 lever for emergency unlocking of the door
- 1 tank filter key
- 2 replacement device safeguards on the inside door of the autoclaves

As option

- Trays
- Tray lifter
- Standard tray cassette and lifter
- Additional tray mounts
- Log printer MELAp*rint*®42
- MELA*flash* CF card writer with CF card and card reader
- MELA*net* Box

Device views

Front side



(1) Operating and display field

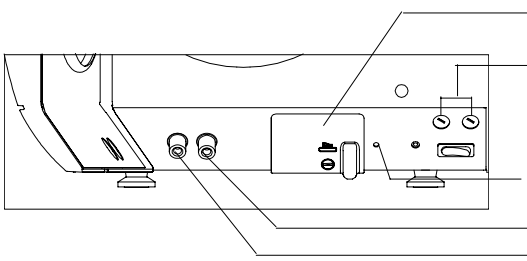
(2) Door (pivots opens to the left)

(3) sliding closure grip

(4) Mains switch

(5) Front foot of the unit (adjustable)

Front side below with opened door



(6) Serial data and printer connection (RS232)*

(7) Device safeguards – 2x 16A/ gRl

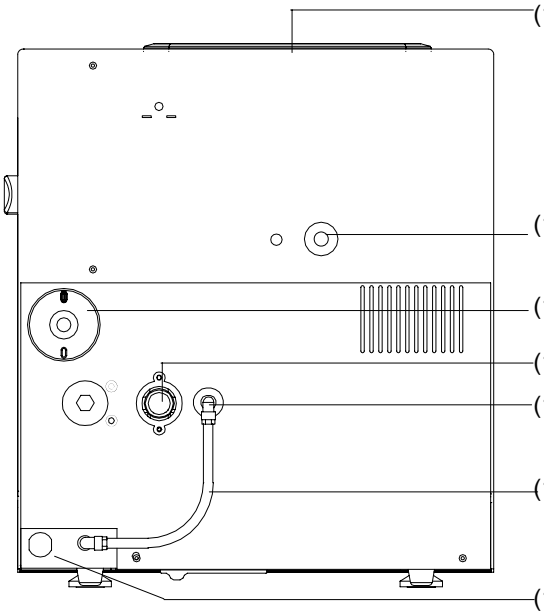
(8) Reset button for overheating protection

(9) Connection for emptying the storage tank feed water

(10) Connection for emptying the storage tank waste water

*hidden behind the white cover

Back side



(11) Tank cap

(12) Safety valve

(13) Sterile filter

(14) One-way drain

(15) Purified feed water inlet via internal storage tank

(16) Hose bridge for internal feed water supply

(17) Power cable

Fig. 1: Device views

Interior view

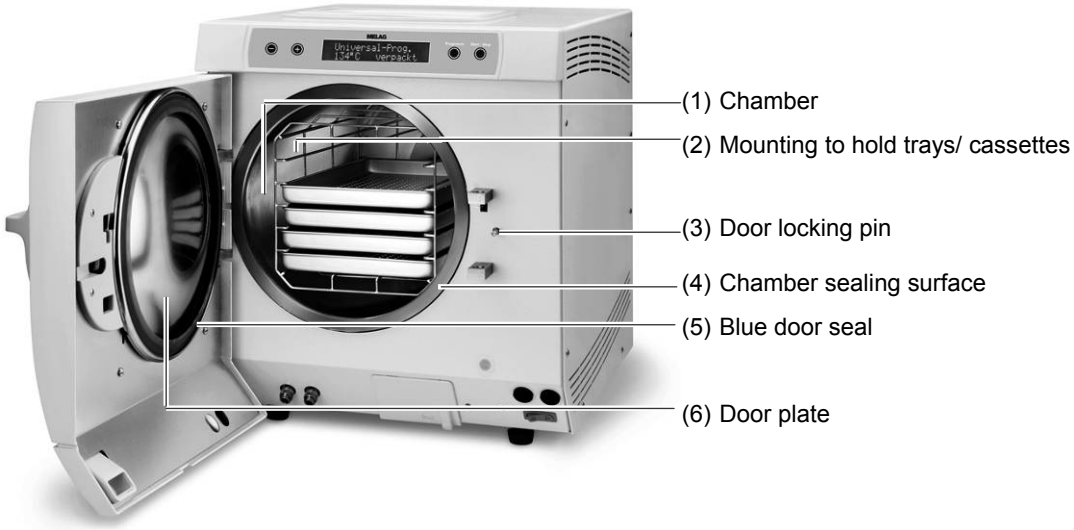


Fig. 2: Interior view

Effective capacity

Device type	*Diameter*	*Depth*	*Volume*
Euroklav®23 VS+	∅25 cm	45 cm	22 litres
Euroklav®29 VS+	∅ 25 cm	35 cm	18 litres

Mountings for the load

The autoclave is always delivered with a mounting to hold trays or cassettes.

The mounting (A) is standard and can hold either five trays or three standard tray cassettes rotated by 90°.

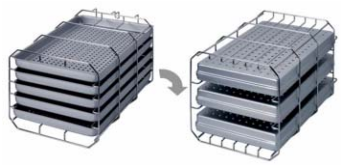


Fig. 3: Mounting A

The mounting (B) can hold four standard tray cassettes or four trays.

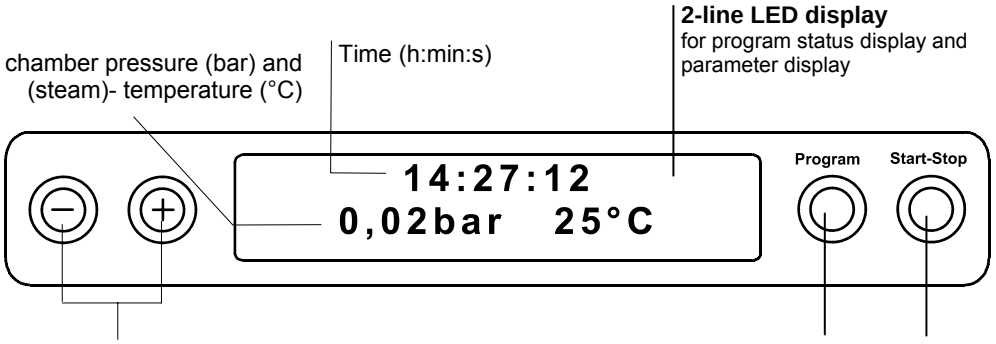
Fig. 4: Mounting B

The mounting (D) can hold two high cassettes (e.g. for implant cassettes) or four trays rotated by 90°.

Fig. 5: Mounting D

Control panel

The control panel consists of a two-line alphanumerical LED display and four membrane keys.



Function key (-) and (+)
to select, set and display special functions: print, date/time, preheating, total batches, conductivity, acknowledge error, KEY (+) for unlocking the door

Program selection button (P)
to select the sterilization programs/ test programs and select or set options (submenus) of the special functions

Start – Stop button (S)
to start programs, terminate programs / drying as well as control of the special functions

Initial state

The display switches to the initial state after every switch-on, where the current time and the chamber pressure in bar and the (steam) temperature in °C is displayed.

Supply with feed water

The autoclave requires →demineralized or →distilled →feed water for steam production according to →VDE 0510. The feed water supply is provided either by an external water storage tank or with a water treatment unit (e.g. MELA*dem*® 40/ MELA*dem*® 47). The autoclave automatically sucks in the feed water.

Feed water with internal storage tank

If you employ the internal storage tank for the feed water supply, you must fill it manually from time to time. At the given point in time, the autoclave outputs an appropriate message. Only use water according to →VDE 0510 as →feed water.

Internal storage tank

The internal storage tank holds maximum 5 litres. This quantity of →feed water suffices for up to 7 sterilizations.

Distilling unit MELAdest® 65

With the MELA*dest*® 65 distilling unit, you can produce →feed water in the practice cost-effectively.

Feed water via water treatment system

A water treatment unit is connected to the domestic water supply. It produces the →feed water required for generating the steam for the autoclave. The purified feed water connection for the autoclave is directly connected to the water treatment unit.
If you use a water treatment unit, then there is always sufficient feed water available. You no longer have to manually fill the water storage tank.
The waste water can either be collected in an internal storage tank and manually emptied or automatically drained via the one-way drain.

Water treatment units MELAdem® 40 and MELAdem® 47

The water treatment units MELA*dem*®40 and MELA*dem*®47 produce the optimal purified feed water quality for the autoclave. The selection of the respective unit depends on the number of sterilizations per day and the respective loads. Both MELAG autoclaves can be supplemented with a water treatment unit.

NOTICE:

Please first consult with MELAG if you would like to employ water treatment units of other manufacturers.

Chapter 3 – Initial start-up

In this chapter you learn

- **Who may set up, install and start up the autoclave**
- **Which prerequisites you must create for setting up, installing and starting up the autoclave**

Conditions for setting up, installing and starting up

- Only have the autoclave set up, installed, and started up by people →authorized by MELAG.

Danger!

- According to the currently valid VDE standards, this device is not suitable for use in areas subject to explosion hazards.
- The autoclave is intended for use outside the patient environment. The minimum distance to the treatment area must have a radius of at least 1.5 metres.

Damages to the autoclave and/or injuries can occur in case this precaution is not observed.

Set-up location requirements

Location

Set up the autoclave in a dry and dustproof location. The air humidity should be 30% to 60% and the ambient temperature 16° to 26 °C.

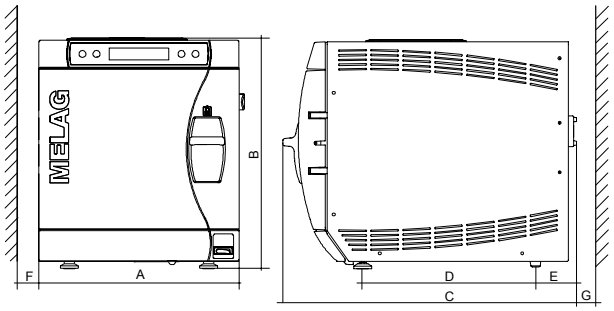
Warning!

- Without fail, keep the specified distance free to the surrounding surfaces at the sides and above the autoclave.

Non-observance can lead to heat accumulation. This could adversely affect the function of the autoclave and entail the shortening of the vacuum pump's service life and result in extended program times.

Distance to the surrounding surfaces

The distance to the surrounding surfaces must be at least 10 centimetres on both sides and 10 centimetres at the back side. The autoclave should be freely accessible from above, so that the built-in storage tank can be filled and a good ventilation is guaranteed.

Space requirements		*Euroklav®23 VS+*	*Euroklav®29 VS+*
	Width	A= 42.5 cm	A= 42.5 cm
	Height	B= 48.5 cm	B= 48.5 cm
	Depth	C= 69 cm	C= 61 cm
		D= 43.5 cm	D= 32 cm
		E= 9 cm	E= 12 cm
		F= 10 cm	F= 10 cm
		G= 10 cm	G= 10 cm

maximum acoustic power for Euroklav®23 VS+ and Euroklav®29 VS+: < 52 dB (A)

Additional space for feed water supply

Other than for the autoclave, the water treatment unit for the feed water supply require space.

NOTICE:

In no case may you subject the water storage tank to sunlight. This way you avoid algae formation.
The maximum suction height from the external storage tank is 1.5 metres.

Space requirement for water treatment unit

MELA*dem*®40

- can be directly hung on to the autoclave on the side
- The attachment can be next to the autoclave or above or below the autoclave

MELA*dem*®47

- Attachment next to the autoclave or above or below the autoclave (e.g. lower cabinet)
- delivered with water storage tank

Water treatment unit	*Width*	*Height*	*Depth*	*Diameter*
MELA*dem*®40	32 cm	35 cm	15 cm	
MELA*dem*®47 module housing	39 cm	47 cm	15 cm	
MELA*dem*®47 water storage tank		51 cm		∅ 24 cm

Connections required

Danger of injury!

- The electric connections and connections for feed water and used water may only be completed by a specialist technician.

Non-observance could lead to a short-circuit and/or fire and/or water damage and/or electrical shock. Serious injuries could be the consequence.

Electrical connection

Provide the following electrical connections for the autoclave:

- Electric circuit with 220V-240V and 50/60 Hz
- 16 A separate fuse protection – at least Automat Type B
- Protection from leakage current 30 mA

Connected load

as of software version 4.07	2600 W for Euroklav®23 VS+ 2100 W for Euroklav®29 VS+
software version 4.06	3000 W for Euroklav®29 VS+ ; 2400 W for Euroklav®23 VS+

NOTICE:

In order to prevent water damage, MELAG recommends the use of a leak monitor, e.g. water stop valve from MELAG (Art. No. 01056).

Waste-water drain

The autoclave is connected to the drain via the one-way drain (see page 10, **Fig. 1/ (14)**).
The connection must be located below the autoclave.

The one-way drain hose can be connected as follows:

- To an existing sink drain
- To a separate drain pipe when using the surface-mounted siphon from MELAG (Art. No. 37410 – not in the standard scope of delivery)

You can reorder a 2-m long hose (Art. No. 36585) for the one-way drain hose.

NOTICE:

The waste-water hose must be laid dip-free with continuous descent.
For waste-water paths which are longer than two metres we recommend a fixed laying of HT (high temperature) piping by a specialised installation firm.

Danger of injury!

Observe the following precautionary measures when handling the mains cable and power plug:

- Never splice or modify the mains cable.
- Never bend or twist the mains cable.
- Never pull on the mains cable to take it out of the socket. Always take hold of the power plug itself.
- Never place any heavy objects on the mains cable.
- Never run the mains cable over places where it could be squeezed (e.g. doors or windows).
- Do not run the mains cable along a heat source.
- Do not use any nails, staples or similar objects to fixate a cable.

If the mains cable or the power plug is damaged, turn off the autoclave. Mains cables or power plugs may only be replaced by →authorised persons.

If these points are not observed, the cable or plug can be damaged and/or a fire or electrical shock might occur. Serious injuries could be the consequence.

Insert power plug into the socket

Plug the power plug into the socket.

Prerequisites for initial start-up

The following prerequisites must be satisfied for initial start-up:

- The feed water supply must be secured.
- The power supply of the autoclave must be assured.

Record of installation and setting up

NOTICE:

As documentation of proper setting up, installation and setting up as well as for your warranty claim, the record of installation must be filled out by the person responsible and a copy sent to MELAG.

Switch on autoclave

Switch on mains

Turn the mains switch on to power the autoclave (page 10, **Fig. 1/(4)**).

After switching on

- After switching on the autoclave with the mains switch, the →display shows in alternation to the initial state the message **`Unlocking door with button (+)`**, if the door is closed.

Directly after having switched on the autoclave and before initial start-up, remove the trays and accessories from the chamber.

- Press the KEY (+) to unlock the door. After pressing the key you can open the door

Chapter 4 – Sterilization

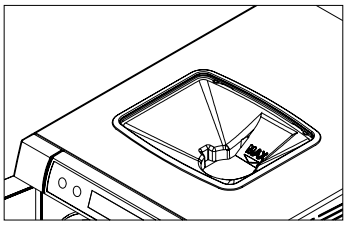
In this chapter you learn

- **Which prerequisites should be created for a smoothly-running sterilization**
- **How to switch between internal and external feed water supply**
- **How to switch between the one-way and circulatory feed water system**
- **What you should observe when preparing the items to be sterilized**
- **How to correctly load the autoclave**
- **Which programs you should use for what**
- **How you start a program**
- **Which stages a program runs through**
- **How to cancel a program**
- **How to recognise when the sterilization is successfully finished**
- **What you can do to improve the drying results**
- **What you must consider when removing the items to be sterilized**

Create prerequisites

Create the prerequisites for a smooth and successful sterilization process as follows:

Provide feed water



- If you use an internal storage tank for the feed water supply, fill this with feed water of the respective quality (see page 39, **Use qualitatively high-grade feed water**). You can use the removable funnel insert to conveniently fill fresh feed water into the right chamber of the storage tank up to the MAX mark. Simply remove the filter for cleaning.
- If you employ a water treatment system, e.g. MELA*dem*®40, MELA*dem*®47, and the water feed is closed, then open it up. If the water storage tank of the MELA*dem*®47 is empty, turn the water feed tap on at least one hour before the sterilization..

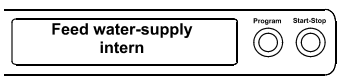
Switching on

- If the autoclave is still not switched on, switch it at the mains switch (page 10, Fig. 1/(4)). (See as of page 17, **Switch on autoclave**).

Select feed water supply

Switch between internal and external feed water supply

Depending on whether the feed water should be supplied from the internal storage tank or whether you employ a water treatment unit for the feed water supply, select the appropriate setting on the display.

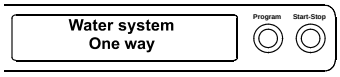


- Select the setup menu by simultaneous brief pressing of the KEYS (+) and (-). The display shows **`Function: Last batch number.`**.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-), up to the display **`Function: Feed water-supply`**.
- Press the KEY (P). The currently set option appears on the display, e.g. **`Feed water-supply – intern`**.
- To set the value to **`Feed water-supply – extern`**, press the KEY (P) again.

- In order to save the setting and to leave the menu, press the KEY (S).
- By again pressing the Key (S), you completely leave the menu and return to the starting position of the display.

At initial delivery, the **`Feed water-supply`** is set to **`intern`**.

Choose the one-way feed water or circulatory system



You can choose the one-way feed water or circulatory system for your feed water supply from the internal storage tank. To do so, you must change the setting on the display before starting a program:

- Select the SETUP Menu by brief simultaneous pressing of the keys (+) and (-). The display shows **`Function: Last batch number`**.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-), up to the display **`Function: Water system`** is displayed.
- Press the KEY (P). The currently set option appears on the display, e.g. **`Water system – one-way`**.
- To set the value to **`Water system – circle`**, press the KEY (P) again.
- In order to save the setting and to leave the menu, press the KEY (S).

By again pressing the KEY (S), you completely leave the menu and return to the starting position of the display.

NOTICE:

If the autoclave is supplied with feed water via a water treatment unit, you cannot select the menu **`Function: Water system`**.

Prepare items to be sterilized

A significant prerequisite for safe disinfection and sterilization of →sterilizing materials is the appropriate preparation, i.e. cleaning and maintenance of the sterilizing materials according to the manufacturer's instructions. Furthermore the materials, cleaning agents and processing procedure employed are of significance.

NOTICE:

If possible, sterilize textiles and instruments separately from each other in separate sterilization containers or sterilization packages.
This way you achieve improved drying results.

Textiles

Observe the following instructions for treating textiles and putting the textiles into sterilization containers:

Danger!

- Comply with the instructions of the textile manufacturer for treatment and sterilization and observe relevant standards and directives.
- Adjust the folds of the textiles parallel to each other.
- Stack the textiles in the sterilization containers vertically if possible, and not too closely together, so that flow channels can form.
- Retain the vertical stacking method when you pack the textiles in sterilization containers.
- If textile packages do not stay together, wrap the textiles in sterilization paper.
- Sterilize only dry textiles.
- The textiles may have no direct contact to ground and walls of the sterilization chamber, otherwise they absorb →condensate.

In case of non-observance, the steam penetration of the textiles can be obstructed and/or bad drying results can result. Unsterile textiles could be the consequence. This could mean endangering the health of the patient and the practice team.

Instruments

Observe the following instructions for treating used and brand new instruments:

Danger of infection!

- Follow without fail the instructions of the instruments manufacturer for treatment and sterilization, and observe the relevant standards and directives of your country.
- Clean the instruments very thoroughly, for instance with the help of a thermal disinfector.
- After disinfection and cleaning, rinse the instruments if possible with →demineralized or →distilled water and subsequently thoroughly dry the instruments with a clean, non-fuzzing cloth.
- Employ only cleaning materials which are suitable for steam sterilization. Ask the manufacturer about the cleaning materials.

In case of non-observance, residual dirt can possibly be loosened up during sterilization in the steam pressure. Rests of the disinfection and cleaning agents lead to corrosion. Increased maintenance requirements and impairment of the function of the autoclaves can be the consequence.

Unsuitable cleaning materials, e.g. water-rejecting cleaning materials or steam-impermeable oils, can result in unsterile instruments. This endangers your health and the health of your patients.

When using the following devices, observe without fail the preparation instructions of the instrument manufacturer:

- Ultrasonic units
- Maintenance appliances for hand pieces and angle pieces
- Cleaning and disinfection devices (e.g. thermal disinfector)

Load the autoclave

Only if the autoclave is properly loaded can the sterilization be effective and the drying deliver good results.

NOTICE:

Use perforated trays, such as the trays from MELAG. Only this way can →condensate run off. If you use closed materials or shell halves to bear the items to be sterilized, you risk bad drying results. Please note that the use of tray insertions made of paper can perhaps likewise lead to worse drying results.

Wrapping

The correct use of suitable wrapping is important for the success of the sterilization.

Warning!

Employ only packaging materials and -systems (sterile barrier systems), which satisfy the DIN EN IS0 11607-1 Standard.

You can employ reusable rigid packaging such as standard tray cassettes or soft packaging such as clear-plastic sterilization packages, paper bags, sterilization paper, textiles, fleece.

Closed sterilization - containers

Preferably use sterilization containers made of aluminium. Aluminium conducts heat well and thus accelerates drying.

When using closed sterilization containers, observe the following instructions for holding the →sterilizing materials:

Warning!

- Closed sterilization containers must be equipped at least on one side – possibly below – with perforations or valves.

Non-observance leads to insufficient steam penetration which could make the sterilization ineffective. Furthermore the condensate drainage is prevented, and bad drying results are the consequence. This can ultimately lead to unsterile instruments and thereby to endangering the health of the patient and the practice team.

The sterilization containers from MELAG satisfy all requirements according to →DIN EN 868 for successful sterilization and drying. They are perforated in the lid and floor and are equipped with disposable paper filters.

Stack sterilization containers

Stack on top of each other, if possible, only sterilization containers of the same size and with respectively identical spacer feet, where the →condensate can run off on the side at the walls.

Danger!

- When stacking the sterilization containers, take care that the perforations are not covered.

In case of non-observance, the condensate cannot drip off to the vessel bottom. It would soak sterilizing materials lying underneath. The consequence would be bad drying results. This can ultimately lead to unsterile instruments and thereby to endangering the health of the patient and the practice team.

Soft sterilization wrapping

→Soft sterilization packages can be sterilized both in sterilization containers on trays or standing when using a package holder. When using soft sterilization packages such as MELA*fol*®, observe the following instructions:

Warning!

- Arrange the →soft sterilization packages standing vertically at small intervals to each other.
- Do not place several soft sterilization packages flat on top of each other on a tray or in a container.
- If the welding seam tears open during sterilization, then it might be that the wrapping was too small. If this is the case, re-wrap the instruments and sterilize them once again. The packaging should be filled to ¾ or the spacing for the sealing seam at 3 cm.
- If the welding seam tears open during sterilization, extend the sealing cycle of the package sealing device or weld a double seam.

Non-observance can ultimately lead to unsterile instruments and thereby to endangering the health of the patient and practice team.

Multiple wrapping

The autoclave functions on the →fractionated pre-vacuum method. This permits the use of →multiple wrapping.

Mixed loads

For sterilizing mixed loads, observe the following instructions:

- Always place textiles on the top
- sterilization containers at the bottom
- unwrapped instruments at the bottom
- Transparently wrapped sterilization packages and paper packaging on the top – exception: in combination with textiles on the bottom
- The heaviest loads at the bottom
- Stack transparently wrapped sterilization packages if possible edgewise in such a way that alternately paper side lies on paper side and foil side on foil side; if this is not possible, then with the paper side facing downwards.

Loading variants	***Euroklav®23 VS+***		***Euroklav®29 VS+***	
	Instruments	Textiles	Instruments	Textiles
Greatest weight per single piece	2 kg	1 kg	2 kg	0.8 kg
Loading variant mounting A*	max. 5 trays, depth 420 mm max. 6 sterilization containers 15K max. 3 sterilization containers 15M max. 2 sterilization containers 15G max. 6 sterilization containers 17K max. 3 sterilization containers 17M max. 1 sterilization containers 17G max. 3 swab drums 17R max. 1 sterilization container 23G max. 2 sterilization containers 23M max. 2 swab drums 23R max. 2 sterilization containers 28M max. 1 sterilization containers 28G max. 3 standard tray cassettes		max. 5 trays, depth 290 mm max. 3 sterilization containers 15K max. 3 sterilization containers 15M max. 2 sterilization containers 15G max. 3 sterilization containers 17K max. 3 swab drums 17R max. 2 swab drums 23R max. 2 sterilization containers 28M max. 1 sterilization container 28G max. 3 standard tray cassettes	
Maximum total weight	4 kg	1 kg	3 kg	0.8 kg
*Mountings, trays, sterilization containers, norm-tray cassettes from MELAG, see Appendix **A – Accessories**				

Close the door

When closing the door of the autoclave, observe the following instructions:

- Close the door with light pressure against the chamber flange and simultaneously press down the sliding-closure grip.

Select program

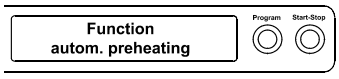
Select by rotating between the initial state and the desired program with the program selection button (P).

Select the sterilization program according to how the →items to be sterilized are wrapped. Furthermore, consider the resistance to high temperature of the items to be sterilized.

The following table shows which program to use for which items to be sterilized.

Programs	*Wrapping*	*Especially suitable for*	*Sterilization at*	*Operating time**	*Drying*	*Load 23 VS+/29 VS+*
Universal-Program	→single and →multiple wrapping	→mixed loads; long, simple hollow bodies	134 °C	25 min	25 min	4/3 kg
Quick-Program S	only unwrapped (no textiles)	simple →solid instruments, transmission instruments; simple hollow bodies	134 °C	15 min	10 min	4/3 kg
Gentle-Program	→single and →multiple wrapping	textiles thermo-instable goods (e.g. plastic, rubber articles) →Mixed loads	121 °C	40 min	25 min	Textiles 1 /0.8 kg Thermo-instable Goods 4/3 kg
Prion-Program	→single and →multiple wrapping	instruments where a danger of infection by pathologically-modified proteins is suspected (e.g. Creutzfeld-Jacob, BSE)	134 °C	40 min	20 min	4/3 kg

* without drying (full load in the Euroklav®23 VS+ 4 kg and Euroklav®29 VS+: 3 kg) and depending on the load and installation conditions (such as supply voltage)



Select automatic pre-heating

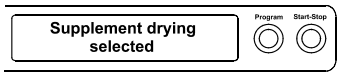
With the automatic pre-heating, the chamber of the autoclave before a program start is kept to the program-specific pre-heating temperature or maintained at this temperature between two program runs.
Prerequisite is that the autoclave remains continuously switched on.
The condensate formation at the chamber wall is reduced and drying is supported. The cycle times shorten.
The automatic pre-heating is activated in the factory settings.

In order to change this setting if desired, proceed as follows:

- Select the SETUP Menu **`Function`** by brief simultaneous pressing of the KEYS (+) and (-).
  The display shows **`Function: Last batch number`**.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-), up to the display **`Function: autom. Pre-heating`** is displayed.
- For confirmation press the KEY (P). The display shows the current preset option, e.g. **`Pre-heating Yes`**.
- Press the KEY (P) once again, switch the display to **`Pre-heating No`**. The pre-heating is deactivated.
- In order to end the menu **`Function: autom. Pre-heating`** and return to the initial state, press the KEY (S) twice.

NOTICE:
MELAG recommends the activation of automatic pre-heating.

Select additional drying



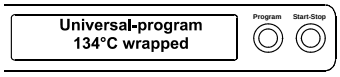
For difficult drying tasks you can extend the drying time of a program by 50% with the function Additional Drying.

For this proceed as follows:

- When starting the program, simultaneously press the KEY (S) AND KEY (+).

The display shows **`Supplement drying selected`**. Then the program sequence begins.

Start program



If you have selected a program with the program selection button, in addition to the selected program the sterilization temperature is displayed and whether the respective program for packaged or unpacked sterilizing materials is suitable.

- Press the KEY (S), in order to start the program.

The autoclave checks the transport of the →feed water and its →conductivity.

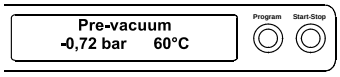
If the Quick-Program S is started, the warning text **`Warning only unwrapped instruments`** is shown on the display.

- If the load exclusively contains unwrapped instruments, press the KEY (S) once again to confirm and start the program.

Program is running

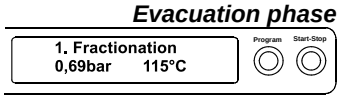
After the start of the program you can track the program steps on the →display. Chamber temperature and pressure as well as the duration until the end of sterilization or the expired drying time is displayed.

Pre-vacuum



In the →Pre-vacuum the air is sucked out by evacuation and steam is conducted into the chamber until a program-dependent pressure up to a slight overpressure is reached.

Evacuation phase



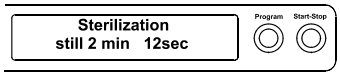
In the subsequent evacuation phase the →fractionated flow method with pulsating, repeated steam entry and outlet sucks the air out of the chamber and conducts saturated steam into the chamber.

Depending on selected program and the current chamber temperature at program start, additional →fractionations are connected.

Heating-up phase

The heating-up phase follows after the evacuation phase. The pressure and the temperature climb with continual steam introduction in the chamber until the sterilization parameters are reached.

Sterilization phase

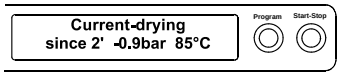


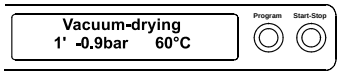
After achieving the sterilization parameters of pressure and temperature, the sterilization phase begins.
In alternation with pressure and temperature the remaining time of the sterilization phase is also displayed.

A pressure discharge with a corresponding display is carried out at the end of the sterilization phase.

Drying phase

The drying phase begins after the pressure discharge.
This runs in two stages, the flow drying and the vacuum drying.





A program can be terminated during the →flow drying as well as during the →vacuum drying (= pulsating overpressure drying) without resulting in an error message being shown on the display.

The regular drying time is 10 minutes for the Quick-Program S, 20 minutes for the Gentle-Program and for the Universal program and the Prion program 25 minutes.

Manually terminate program

You manually terminate a running program in any of the phases.

IMPORTANT!

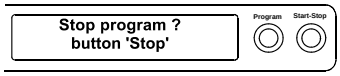
Do not interrupt a running program by disconnecting the power plug! In case of non-observance, an error message of power loss is displayed when the autoclave is switched back on.

Danger of burning!

- Take heed that when opening the door after terminating a running program, hot water steam can escape out of the chamber, depending on when the program was terminated.
- Use a tray lifter to remove the tray. Never touch the →sterilized items, the chamber or the door with unprotected hands. The parts are hot.
- To remove tray cassettes, use a tray-lifter or gloves. The parts are hot.

In case of non-observance, you can suffer burns.

Manual termination before beginning of drying



If you terminate a program before the beginning of drying, then the →items to be sterilized are still unsterile.

To terminate the program, carry out the following steps:

- Press the KEY (S).
- Confirm the following prompt **`Stop program?`** Repeatedly press **`"Stop"`** with the KEY (S).

NOTICE:

The confirmation prompt is shown for about 5 seconds on the display. If the key is not pressed again, the program continues with the normal process.

Depending on the point in time of the termination, a pressure discharge or ventilation of the instrument is carried out. An appropriate display is shown on the screen.

After the pressure discharge or ventilation is carried out, there is a request for an acknowledgement of the program termination.

The message **`Unlocking door with button '+'`** is displayed in alternation with the previously-selected program.

After pressing the KEY (-) you can open the door.

A reference to **`Program stopped/ load not sterile`** is issued to the logging printout.

Manual termination during drying

In the drying phase you can cancel the program with the KEY (S).

You must then expect insufficient drying, especially for wrapped →sterilized items. Sufficient drying is a prerequisite for sterile storage.

Therefore, if possible, always let sterilization programs with wrapped items continue up to the end of the drying phase.
In a Quick program, sterilized unwrapped instruments dry from their own heat after removal from the autoclave.

In the drying phase, the expired drying time is shown in alternation with the message **`Immed. Removal Press "Stop"`** is displayed**.**

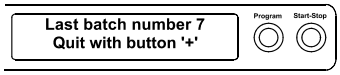
To terminate the program, carry out the following steps:

- Press the KEY (S).
- Confirm the following prompt **`Stop program?`** Repeatedly press **`"Stop"`** with the KEY (S).

The termination is confirmed with **`Drying stopped`** on the display.

NOTICE:

The confirmation prompt is shown for about 5 seconds on the display. If the key is not repeatedly pressed, the program continues with the normal process.



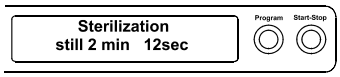
After the ventilation of the chamber with a corresponding display text the message **`Universal-Program run successfully`** follows in alternation with **`Last batch number. xx and quit with '+'`**.

If a printer or another output medium is connected to the autoclave and the **`Immed. Output`** is set to **`yes`**, a reference to **`Drying stopped`** is issued to the logging printout.

Sterilization phase is finished

Sterilization phase successfully finished

You can recognize on the display whether the sterilization phase has successfully completed.



The remaining time of the sterilization phase is displayed in alternation with the specification of the pressure and temperature.

Sterilization not successfully finished

The sterilization is not successful if it was terminated by the operator or aborted by the system in the event of an error.

Program abort by the system

At a system abort, the system puts the chamber into a pressureless state.

NOTICE:

If the program is terminated by the operator, a warning text appears. If the program is aborted by the system, an error message is displayed.

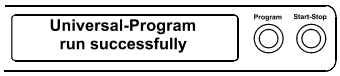
Drying phase

The autoclave does an excellent job of drying the items to be sterilized. In the event of difficult drying tasks it might however be necessary to take the following measures to further improve drying:

Improve drying results

- Load the autoclave correctly for drying. Place items wrapped in sterilized clear plastic or paper upwards like filing cards.
  Observe Section **Load the autoclave** on page 20. Possibly employ the package holder.
- Activate the function **`Supplement Drying`**. Observe the Section **Select additional drying**on page 24.

Program is finished



The chamber pressure is adapted to the ambient pressure at the end of a program. If the program was successfully finished, an appropriate notification appears on the →display.

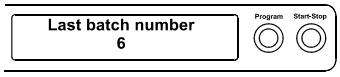
Immediate printout

The report of the completed program is issued to the selected output medium for activated immediate output (see page 29, **Chapter 5 – Logging**).

Display batch number

Display last batch number

After every completed program you automatically see on the display the last batch number of the day. This is also shown if the program was terminated by the operator or aborted by the system.



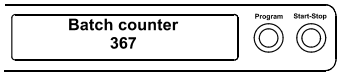
You can also allow the display of the last batch number whenever necessary:

- Select the SETUP Menu **`Function`** by short simultaneous pressing of the KEYS (+) and (-). The display shows **`Function: Last batch number`**.
- Press the KEY (P) to display the current batch number of the day.

In order to reach the starting position again, press the KEY (S) twice.

Display total batch number

You can allow the display of the number of total →batches.



- Select the SETUP Menu **`Function`** by short simultaneous pressing of the KEYS (+) and (-). The display shows **`Function: Last batch number`**.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-), up to the display where the submenu **`Batch counter`** is shown.
- Press the KEY (P).

You see the current counter reading of the total batch number on the display

- In order to reach the starting position again, press the KEY (S) twice.

Remove sterilized items

Danger of burning!

After the end of a program observe the following instructions for removing the →sterilized items:

- Never open the door by force. The autoclave could be damaged and/or hot steam could escape.
- Use a tray lifter to remove the tray.
- Never touch the →sterilized items, the chamber or the door with unprotected hands. The parts are hot.

In case of non-observance, you can suffer burns.

Danger

- Check the wrapping of the sterilized objects for damage when removing them from the autoclave.
- If a wrapping is damaged, wrap the object again and re-sterilize it.

Non-observance can result in unsterile instruments. This endangers the health of the patient and the practice team.

Open door

After the end of a program, the request **`Quit with button '+'`** is displayed. Press the KEY (+) to unlock the door. After unlocking the door audible, you can open the door and remove the sterilized items.

For connected output medium and **`Immediate output Yes`** a logging printout is additionally carried out (see page 33, **Automatic immediate log output**.

Condensate residues on the sterilized items

If you remove the →sterilized items from the autoclave directly after the end of the program, it can happen that slight quantities of condensate moisture are found on the sterilized items.
Smaller quantities of water which may be are found on the upper side of the paper bags and clear plastic sterilization packages are unobjectionable if they dry out within 30 minutes after removal from the autoclave.

Storage of sterilized items

Exclusively employ packaging which complies to standards for the sterilized materials. Do not store sterilized items in the preparation room. For the storage of the sterilized items, observe the criteria mentioned below.

Storage conditions

- Sealed against dust e.g. in a closed instrument cabinet
- Protected from damage on smooth surfaces
- Protected from excessive fluctuations in temperature
- Protected from moisture (e.g. alcohol, disinfectant)

Storage duration in accordance with the type of package wrapping

Storage time

The maximum storage life depends on the packaging and the storage conditions. For →sterilized items which have been wrapped in compliance with the standards (dust-protected storage is assumed) – this time period is up to six months.

Chapter 5 – Logging

In this chapter you learn

- **Why and how you document batches**
- **Which output media you can employ for the batch documentation in which way**
- **How to read the logs correctly**
- **How to set the date and time at the autoclave**

Batch documentation

The batch documentation is indispensable as documentation for the successfully completed sterilization process and as an obligatory measure of quality assurance (→Medical Devices Operator Ordinance).
The data, such as type of program as well as →batch and process parameters of the completed programs, are stored in an internal log memory of the autoclave.

For the batch documentation you can transfer the internal log memory readout and the data onto diverse output media. This can take place immediately after every completed program or subsequently, e.g. at the end of a work day in the practice.

Capacity of the internal log memory

The capacity of the internal storage suffices for about 40 logs.
If the internal log memory is full, when starting the next program the respectively oldest report is automatically overwritten.

If you have connected a printer and additionally the option **`immediate output`** is set to **`No`** (see also Page 33, **Automatic immediate log output**), a confirmation prompt appears before the saved record is overwritten. For additional information on connecting the printer, see page 30, **Connect printer** .

Output media

You can store the logs of the completed programs on the following output media and archive them accordingly.

- Log printer MELA*print*®42
- MELA*flash* CF Card Writer on CF card
- Computer, e.g. with software MELA*win*®/ MELA*view*®
- MELA*net* Box
- Modem

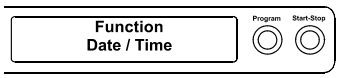
State on initial delivery

No option for the output of the logs is set in the initial delivery state of the autoclave. You can read below how to output the logs on the cited media.

Set date and time

Observe time re-settings

Date and time of the autoclave must be correctly set for proper batch documentation. Observe the time re-settings in autumn and spring ("daylight saving time"), since this is not reset automatically. Set date and time as described below:



- Select the SETUP Menu **`Function`** by short simultaneous pressing of the KEYS (+) and (-).

The display shows **`Function: Last batch number`**.

- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) in the Menu **`Function`**, up to the display **`Function: date/ time`** are displayed.
- Press the KEY (P) in order to confirm. The current hour is displayed.
- Select between the following setting possibilities with the KEY (+) or (-): Hour, minute, second
  Day, month, year
- In order to adjust the **`hour`** parameter, press the KEY (P) for the confirmation.

The current value on the display blinks.

- The value can be increased or reduced with the KEYS (+) and (-).
- In order to store the value, confirm with the KEY (P).

The current preset value on the display no longer blinks

In order to adjust the other parameters, proceed analogously.

- After finishing the settings, press the KEY (S) in to leave the menu

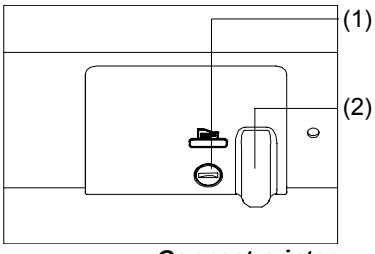
On the display, the **`Function: Date/Time`** are again displayed

By pressing the key (S) again you leave the menu completely and the display again shows its starting position.

Use printer as output medium

If you want to employ the log printer MELA*print*®42 as the output medium, connect it to the autoclave as follows:

Data connection from the autoclave



Connect printer

Open the white cover of the serial data- and printer connection (see page 10, **Fig. 1/ (6)**):

- Turn a coin by a quarter-revolution inserted in the locking slot (1) on the white cover.
- Take cover off and fold the interior metal casing to the left.
- Press the metal casing somewhat downwards until it engages and no longer can automatically flip back.
- Connect the cables of the log printer to the printer connection at the autoclave.

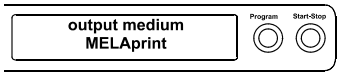
If the printer or a computer is continually connected to the autoclave, the data connection cable of the log printer is laid in the cable ducts (2), the metal casing retracted and the cover is closed again. This provides a comfortable external cable connection to the printer.

Close the log printer MELA*print*®42 according to the pertinent operating manual.

Initialisation of the log printer MELA*print*®*42*

In order to be able to print out logs on the connected log printer, you must initialise MELA*print*®42 once by making the following setting at the autoclave:

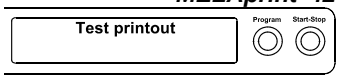
- If the autoclave is still not switched on, switch it on.
- Wait until the display shows the basic settings (page 12, **Control Panel**)
- Select the SETUP Menu **`Function`** by short simultaneous pressing of the KEYS (+) and (-).
  The display shows **`Function: Last batch number`**.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until the display **`Function: Batch output`** is shown.
- Press the KEY (P). to select the submenu **`Batch output – Output medium`**.
- Press the KEY (P) again. The display shows **`Output medium – No Output medium`**, in case no printer was yet selected.



- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-), until the display shows as output medium **`MELAprint`**.
- For confirmation press the KEY (P). The display changes back to the menu **`Batch output – Output medium`**.
- Press the KEY (S), in order to confirm and return to the menu **`Function: Batch output`**.
- After renewed pressing of the KEY (S) the display again shows the initial state.

Test outputs on the log printer MELAprint®*42*

In order to verify the functional reliability of the log printer MELA*print*®42 and its communication with the autoclave, a test output can be carried out:



- Select the SETUP Menu **`Function`** by short simultaneous pressing of the keys (+) and (-).
  The display shows **`Function: Last batch number`**.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until on the display **`Function: Batch output`** is shown.
- Press the KEY (P) to select the submenu **`Batch output – Output medium`** is displayed and press the KEY (P) for confirmation.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until the display **`Test output`** is shown.
- In order to start the output, press the KEY (P).
  An appropriate display with **`Test output`** appears.
- In order to break cancel the test output or leave the menu after finished printout, press the KEY (S). The display shows **`Function: Batch output`**.
- By again pressing the KEY (S), you completely leave the menu and return to the starting position of the display.

Employing MELA*flash* as output medium

The MELA*flash* CF Card Writer serves for storage of sterilization logs on the MELA*flash* CF card. The readout of the logs from the CF card to the practice computer is carried out with the MELAflash card reader.

Additionally you can use the software MELA*view*® for processing the logged data.

TIP

You can download a current version of the software on the internet page of MELAG on www.melag.de in the download area.

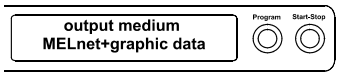
Connect the MELA*flash* CF Card Writer with the serial interface like the log printer MELA*print*®42 (see page 30). and set at the autoclave as output medium **`MELAflash`** in the SETUP Menu.

You will find detailed information in the operating manual for the MELAflash CF Card writer itself.

NOTICE:

Naturally you can also allow the MELA*flash* CF Card Writer to be connected permanently to the autoclave like the log printer MELA*print*®42.

MELA*net* Box as output medium



The MELAnet Box enables the connection of the autoclave with a real ethernet interface to the computer network of the practice or clinic.

The logs which are created during a program run can be saved by means of a →FTP server or over →TCP via the MELA*net* Box on the computer.

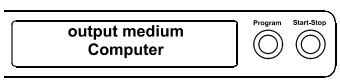
In the MELA*net* Box there runs a small webserver program, which displays status information of the connected autoclave and settings for the MELA*net* Box via a webbrowser. Thus you can allow the display of the current progress of a program cycle or current measured values.

Connect the MELA*net* Box with the serial interface like the log printer MELA*print*®42 (see page 30) and set at the autoclave as output medium **`MELAnet`** in the SETUP Menu **`Function`**.

You will find detailed information in the operating manual for the MELA*net* Box itself.

Computer as output medium

Initialisation of the computer



In order to be able to employ a computer as output medium, the computer must be connected with the serial interface to the autoclave. Additionally the software MELA*view*® can be installed for the log readout.

In order to register the computer at the autoclave, proceed as described on page 31, **Initialisation of the Log Printer**.
Observe that for the output medium in the SETUP Menu **`Function`** you must set at the autoclave as output medium **`Computer`**.

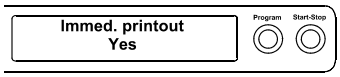
Automatic immediate log output

If you immediately would like to output the associated report automatically on an output medium after the end of a program, use the function **`Immediate output Yes`**. This is not preset in the initial delivery state.

Prerequisite for automatic immediate output of the logs after the end of the program

The following prerequisites must be satisfied for the immediate log output after the end of a program:

- As output medium the computer, the log printer MELA*print*®42 or the MELA*flash* CF Card Writer must be connected and initiated.



This sets the option for an immediate output of the logs after the end of the program:

- Switch the autoclave on with the power switch.
- Select the SETUP Menu **`Function`** by short simultaneous pressing of the KEYS (+) and (-). The display shows **`Function: Last batch number`**.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until on the display **`Function: Batch output`** is shown and press the KEY (P).
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until on the display the submenu **`Immediate output Yes/No`** is shown.
- Press the KEY (P), in order to switch between **`Immediate output No`** and **`Immediate output Yes`**.
- In order to output logs immediately, **`Immediate printout Yes`** must be set.

In order to save the setting and to leave the menu again, press the KEY (S). The display shows **`Function: Batch output`**.

- By again pressing the KEY (S), you leave the menu completely and return back to the initial state.

NOTICE:

If it is not possible to output a log report for the immediate output because for example the activated output medium is not connected, a warning message appears. MELAG recommends that you employ the immediate output of logs.

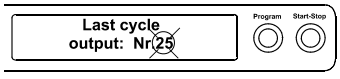
Output the logs subsequently

You also have the option of outputting the logs subsequently and independently from the time of the end of the program. You can select whether selected or all saved logs (up to 40 logs) should be printed. For this, use the connected output medium, e.g. the log printer.

Print selected logs

In order to subsequently print selected logs of certain programs, proceed as follows:

- Select the SETUP Menu **`Function`** by short simultaneous pressing of the keys (+) or (-). The display shows **`Function: Last batch number`**.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until on the display **`Function: Batch output`** is shown and press the KEY (P).
- The Menu **`Batch output – Output medium`** is displayed.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until the display **`Last cycle output: No. 40`** is shown (as example No. 40).
- Press the KEY (P). The current report number blinks.



- In order to output a log of another cycle, navigate with the KEYS (+) or (-) up to the desired number, here e.g. 25.
- Press the KEY (P) in order to start the output of the selected program. The display shows **Output**.

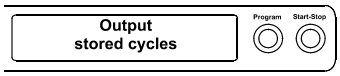
After finished printout, the display changes again to its previous setting **Last cycle output: No. 25**.

- In order to output additional logs, repeat the last three steps.
- In order to leave the submenu without outputting, press the KEY (S).
- In order to leave the menu after the output, press the KEY (S). The display shows the menu **Function: Batch output**.
- By again pressing the KEY (S), you completely leave the menu and return back to the basic position of the display.

Print all saved logs

In order to subsequently output all saved logs, proceed as follows:

- Select the SETUP Menu **Function** by short simultaneous pressing of the keys (+) or (-). The display shows **Function: Last batch number.**



- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until on the display **Function: Batch output** is shown and press the KEY (P).
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-), until the display **Output stored cycles** is displayed.
- Press the KEY (P) in order to start the printout of the selected program. The display shows **Output**.

After finishing the output the display again shows **Output stored cycles**.

- In case you would like to leave the submenu without printing, press the KEY (S).

NOTICE:

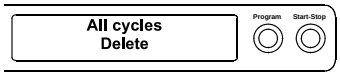
A termination **during** the output on the log printer is only possible by disconnecting the instrument at the mains switch or interrupting the power supply of the printer.

- In order to leave the menu, likewise press the KEY (S). The display shows the setup menu **Function: Batch output**.
- By again pressing the KEY (S), you completely leave the menu and return to the starting position of the display.

Delete stored logs

In order e.g. to suppress the warning text **Protocol memory full** for preset option **Immediate output No**, the saved logs can be manually deleted.
In the following example you can read how you can delete all saved logs.

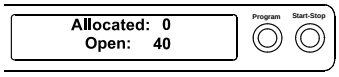
- Select the SETUP Menu **Function** by short simultaneous pressing of the keys (+) and (-).
  The display shows **Function: Last batch number.**



- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until on the display **Function: Batch output** is shown and press the KEY (P).
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until on the display **All cycles delete** is shown.
- Press the KEY (P) in order to delete all logs now.
- In order to cancel the submenu without deleting, press the KEY (S).
- In order to leave the menu after deletion, press the KEY (P). The display shows **Function: Batch output**.

- By again pressing the KEY (S), you completely leave the menu and return to the starting position of the display.

Display protocol memory



With a connected and initialised printer or another output medium you can verify how many logs are already saved in the log memory of the autoclave.

Proceed as follows:

- Select the SETUP Menu **`Function`** by short simultaneous pressing of the KEYS (+) and (-). The display shows **`Function: Last batch number`**.
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-) until on the display **`Function: Batch output`** is shown and press the KEY (P).
- Navigate with the KEY (+) or (-), up to the display for the Storage Occupancy (see left Display Figure) are shown.
- In order to leave the menu again, press the KEY (S) twice.

Read log files correctly

Header The head of the program listing includes the general fundamental information for the completed program such as for example current date, the selected program, the daily batch number and the autoclave type.

Values of the program steps During the program the program sequence phases are recorded with the accompanying values for steam pressure, temperature and time (relative to the program start).

Summary The summary states whether the program was successfully concluded. Furthermore the values of the required sterilization time, the sterilization temperature and the pressure including its maximum deviations are displayed.

---------- MELAG Euroklav 23V-S ---------- Program : Universal program 134°C wrapped Date 18.10.2007 Time 08:46:39 (Start) Batch No.: 5	***Header*** Started program Current date time at program start daily batch number
Pre-heating 96.8 °C Conductivity 7 µS/ cm	Preheating temperature →conductivity of the →feed water
Start 0.01 29.1 00:00 Pre-vacuum Evacuation -0.75 29.2 01:37 Steam entry 0.01 83.6 03:15 1.Fractionation Steam entry 1.01 113.8 04:40 Press. release 0.18 102.1 05:04 2.Fractionation Steam entry 1.01 117.9 06:03 Press. release 0.19 103.6 06:33 3.Fractionation Steam entry 1.01 119.7 07:29 Press. release 0.19 105.2 08:03 4.Fractionation Steam entry 1.01 120.2 09:01 Press. release 0.19 105.6 09:38 5.Fractionation Steam entry 1.01 120.0 10:34 Press. release 0.19 105.6 11:13 Heat up 2.04 134.1 13:22 Steriliz.begin. 2.04 134.1 13:22 Steriliz.end 2.17 135.7 18:52 Press. release 0.49 116.2 19:23 Current-drying Drying begin. 0.49 116.2 19:23 Drying current 0.39 108.8 19:42 Drying pumping 1.21 110.4 20:22 Vacuum-drying Drying begin. 1.20 103.7 34:04 Drying sub atm. -0.51 96.4 35:14 Drying pumping 0.61 102.7 36:12 Drying end 0.60 102.5 43:52 End 0.02 100.4 44:14	***Values of the program steps*** Program sequence phases with the accompanying values for pressure, temperature and time (relative to the program start)
---------- Program properly executed! Temperature : 135.8 +0.6 /-0.6 °C Pressure : 2.19 +0.06/-0.05 bar Sterilizate time: 5 min 30 s Time of day : 09:30:53 (End) ========== 7 200703054 4.06 4.06 CRC: 0x1EB3 V1.30A	***Summary*** Control message Mean sterilization temperature with max. deviations Mean sterilization pressure with max. deviations Sterilization time maintained Time at the end of the program Information with total-cycle counter, factory serial number and instrument software version no.

Chapter 6 – Maintenance

In this chapter you learn

- **How to clean the autoclave and which cleaning agents are suitable**
- **How to avoid the formation of spots**
- **How to exchange the door seal**
- **What to observe in autoclave maintenance**

Cleaning

Weekly inspection of chamber, door seal, mounting, chamber sealing surface

Examine the chamber including door seal and chamber sealing surface and the mounting for loading (page 20, **Load the Autoclave**) once weekly for contaminants, deposits or damage.

In case of contaminations

If you determine any contaminations, draw the existing trays or cassettes and the associated mounting forwards out of the chamber. Clean the contaminated parts.

Door seal

The door seal must not be greased or oiled. It should be kept clean and dry.

Warning!

When cleaning the chamber, the loading mounting, the chamber sealing surface and the door seal, observe the following:

- Switch the autoclave off before cleaning and pull the power plug from the wall socket.
- Make sure that the chamber is not hot.
- Use a soft and lint-free cloth.
- Use chlorine- and vinegar-free cleaning agents.
- First drench the cloth with cleaning alcohol or methylated alcohol and try to wipe off the contamination.
- In case of persistent soiling of the chamber, mounting or chamber sealing surface, employ only a mild →stainless steel cleaning agent with a pH value between 5 and 8.
- Employ neutral liquid cleaning agents to clean the door seal.
- No cleaning agents may get into the piping system which exits the autoclave chamber.
- Do not use any rough objects such as pot cleaners made of metal or steel brushes.

In case of non-observance the cleaned surface could become scratched or damaged and the sealing surfaces not tight. This would promote dirt deposits and corrosion in the sterilization chamber.

Housing parts

Clean the housing parts with neutral liquid cleaners or methylated alcohol.

Internal storage tank for feed water

If you provide the feed water supply manually via the internal storage tank, check for soiling when you refill the feed water. If necessary, clean the tank with a cloth and fresh feed water before refilling.

Notice:

Make sure to wipe up and remove any soiling or impurities from the tank with a cloth without leaving any residues. If dirt particles are only detached but not actually removed, they can get into the dirt particle filter integrated into the drain hose while emptying the wastewater tank.

Non-observance could impair the service life of the dirt particle filter and make it necessary to exchange the filter at short notice.

The both chambers are emptied as follows:

- Attach the drain hose on a quick-fitting connection (left of the waste-water tank, to the right of the feed-water tank), until this perceptibly engages
- Drain off the water into a container with at least 5 litres holding capacity.

To remove the drain hose again, press the grey release knob at the quick-fitting connection. The hose detaches itself automatically from the connection.

To remove the drain hose again, press the grey release knob at the quick-fitting connection. The hose detaches itself automatically from the connection.

Warning!

Please observe the following when removing the quick-fitting connection:

- When draining the storage chambers, stand to the side of the connection
- Be sure to hold the hose tight with the other hand while pressing on the grey release button of the quick-fitting connection in order to arrest the spring tension of the connection.

Non-observance can lead to injuries.

- Repeat the procedure for the other chamber if necessary.

Operation with feed water circulatory system

If the autoclave is operated in the feed water circulatory system, the feed water must be changed every week.

Avoid formation of spots

Formation of spots due to improperly cleaned instruments

Only if you correctly clean the instruments before sterilization can you avoid the detachment of residues resulting from loading or instrument preparation under steam pressure during the sterilization. Detached dirt residues (e.g. residues of disinfectants) can clog the filter, nozzles and valves of the autoclave and deposit as stains, spots or discolorations on the instruments and in the chamber (see page 19, **Prepare items to be sterilized**).

Formation of spots due to third-party rust

All steam-conducting parts of the autoclave are made of non-rusting materials. This excludes the formation of rust caused by the autoclave. Should rust stains occur, then we are dealing with third-party rust.
If the instruments have been incorrectly prepared, rust can form even on stainless steel instruments of leading manufacturers. Often a single rust-producing instrument already suffices for third-party rust to form on the other instruments or in the autoclave.
Remove third-party rust from the instruments with a chlorine-free →stainless steel cleaning agent (see page 37, **Cleaning**) or send the damaged instruments to the manufacturer for reconditioning.

Formation of spots due to inadequate quality of the feed water

The extent of the formation of spots on the instruments also depends on the quality of the →feed water employed for steam production.

Use qualitatively high-grade feed water

Warning!

Observe the following when using →feed water for the steam sterilization:

- Use only →demineralized or distilled water according to →DIN EN 13060, Appendix C (VDE 0510).

In case of non-observance, stains or damage on the instruments can arise and the functional readiness of the autoclave can be adversely affected.

Water according to VDE 0510

You can also use distilled or demineralized water from do-it-yourself markets, pharmacies or service stations as →feed water, if the →VDE 0510 is explicitly noted on the label of the packaging.

NOTICE:

→Feed water which you can inexpensively produce with the osmosis processes with MELA*dem*®40 or with the ions exchanger MELA*dem*®47 or by distillation with MELA*dest*®65, satisfies the requirements on the feed water.

Exchange the door seal

If the door seal shrinks or is wavy, it is necessary to exchange the door seal.

The consequence can be poorly sealed areas which can lead to the leakage of steam or cause a too high leakage rate in the vacuum test.

Open the door of the autoclave and take the old door seal out. The door seal is only inserted in the groove of the door plate (page 11, **Fig. 2/(5)**).

Set the new door seal (Art. No. 58510) in the groove in such a way, that the **wider sealing surface shows toward the chamber side**.

IMPORTANT!

Observe without fail the different widths of the sealing surface. Only with correct seating in the groove is a proper closing of the door guaranteed and the chamber tight.

Maintenance

Warning!

- Have maintenance carried out only by trained field service technicians or technicians of the specialist trade. Turn to your specialist dealers or MELAG customer service in your vicinity.
- Comply with the predetermined maintenance intervals.

Malfunctions at the autoclave can occur on continuation of operation despite the servicing message.

For retention of value and functional reliability

Regular maintenance is indispensable for the retention of value and the reliable practice operation of the autoclave.
During maintenance, all functional and safety-relevant components and electrical facilities are checked, and replaced if necessary.

The maintenance is carried out according to the maintenance instructions which are relevant for this autoclave.

Maintenance intervals

Regularly allow for maintenance after each 1000 program cycles or two years. At this point in time, the autoclave issues an appropriate maintenance reminder message.

Chapter 7 – Operating pauses

In this chapter you learn

- **How quickly you can start sterilization programs in sequence**
- **What you must observe for longer operating pauses**
- **How to put the autoclave out of operation, transport it and re-start it**

Sterilization frequency

No pause times required

Pause times between the individual programs are not necessary. After the expiration or termination of drying and removal of the items to be sterilized, you can immediately re-load the autoclave and start a program.
Continuous operation can result in an increased development of steam from the internal storage tank.

The steam is not harmful to the autoclave provided that the minimum clearance distances of the autoclave were maintained on site at installation.

To minimise the development of steam we recommend that you maintain a pause of 20 min between every two batches.

Pause times

Longer operating pauses

Switch the autoclave off for longer operating pauses, e.g. overnight or on the weekend, and leave the door ajar. The door seal is relieved and protected from premature wear. Furthermore it prevents the sticking of the door seal.
Close, if available, the water feed of the water treatment unit.

After operating pauses which last longer than two weeks, carry out a vacuum test and thereafter an empty sterilization with the Quick Program (see page 43, **Chapter 8 – Function test**)
The following situations can occur after longer pauses:

Event	***Possible cause***	***What you can do***
→conductivity too high	Bad feed water	Change the →feed water or the mixed-bed-resin pellets for a MEL*Adem*® unit.
Door cannot be opened	Door seal is sticking to the sealing surface	Switch the autoclave on and pull vigorously at the door to open it.

Function test after pauses

After pauses, carry out the tests described in **Chapter 8 – Functional Tests**, depending on the pause duration.

Shut-down

If you would like to shut down the autoclave (put it out of operation) for a longer period of time, for instance because of holidays or a planned transport, proceed as follows:

- Switch the autoclave off at the mains switch.
- Pull the power plug from the wall socket.
- Empty both chambers of the storage tank
- Close, if available, the water feed of the water treatment unit.

Transport

Danger of injury!

Observe the following when carrying the autoclave:

- Two people are necessary to carry the autoclave.
- Use a suitable carrying strap to transport the autoclave.

Observe that the spacing between the underside of the housing floor plate of the autoclave and the footprint is small.

In case of non-observance spine damage and contusions can result.

Warning!

Observe the following when transporting the autoclave, e.g. when moving or shipping the autoclave or for the transport within the practice:

- Empty both chambers of the storage tank
- When using a water treatment unit, close the water feed and removal the hose connections at the rear of the device.
- If you would like to leave the mounting and the trays or cassettes in the chamber during transport, protect the surface of the door plate. Lay a piece of foam plastic or bubble wrap between the door plate and mounting.
- Close the door of the autoclave before you move the device.

In case of non-observance, damages to the autoclave and errors can occur.

Re-startup after change of locality

At re-startup of the autoclave after a change of locality, proceed as for an initial start-up (see page 14, **Chapter 3 – Initial start-up**).

Chapter 8 – Function test

In this chapter you learn

- **How the autoclave automatically carries out the function test**
- **Which possibilities you have for the manual function test**
- **Which function tests should be conducted in daily operation**
- **Why and how you should conduct a vacuum test**
- **Why and how you should conduct a Bowie & Dick test**
- **How you display the water quality**

Automatic function test

Process evaluation and monitoring system

The interaction of the sterilization-relevant parameters of pressure, temperature and time are continually automatically monitored by the electronic parameter control.
The →process evaluation system of the autoclave compares the process parameters with each other during the program and monitors them with respect to their limit values.
The monitoring system of the autoclave checks the device components with regard to their functional reliability and their plausible interaction. If the parameters exceed defined limit values, the autoclave outputs warning messages or error messages. If necessary, it aborts the program with a corresponding notice.
If the program was successfully concluded, an appropriate message is issued on the →display.

Manual function test

You can track the program sequence based on the values shown on the →display. Furthermore on the basis of logs made for every program, you can logically reconstruct whether a program was successful (see page29, Chapter **5 – Logging**).

Testing in daily operation

Vacuum test

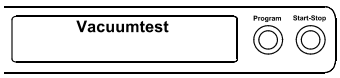
Weekly in routine operation, at initial start-up, after pauses longer than two weeks and in case of error

- Conduct a vacuum test in the following situations:
- Once weekly in routine operations
- At initial start-up
- After longer operating pauses
- In case of a respective error (e.g. in the vacuum system)

The test serves to determine leaks in the autoclave.
The leakage rate is determined.

Conduct the vacuum test with a cold and dry autoclave as follows:

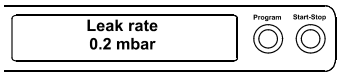
- Switch the device on at the mains switch. The display switches into its initial state.



- Press the KEY (P) until the menu **`Vacuumtest`** is shown in the display.
- Close the door. This is confirmed with the appropriate display **`Door closed`**.
- Press the KEY (S), in order to start the vacuum test.

The chamber is →evacuated until the pressure for the vacuum test is achieved. An equilibration time of five minutes and a measurement time of ten minutes follow. The rise in pressure in the chamber is measured within the measurement time.

The evacuation pressure and the equilibration time or measurement time are shown on the display.



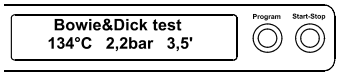
After the expiration of the measurement time, the chamber is ventilated (appropriate display message).
Subsequently the message with specification of the leakage rate is shown on the →display. If the leakage rate is too high, i.e. above ≤ 1.3 mbar, an appropriate message appears on the display.

Besides the display shows in alternation with the current batch number of the day and **`Quit with button '+'`**. After pressing the KEY (+) you can open the door.

NOTICE:

For connected log printer or another output medium and the setting **`Immediate output Yes`** logging is carried out with simultaneous printout.

Bowie & Dick test



The →Bowie & Dick test serves the verification of the steam penetration of porous materials such as textiles.

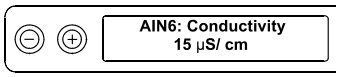
For this purpose, use the test program →Bowie & Dick test.
Diverse test systems are offered by specialist dealers for the →Bowie & Dick test. Conduct the test according to the manufacturer's instructions of the test system.

Start the program Bowie & Dick test as follows:

- Switch the device on at the mains switch. The display switches into its initial state.

- Select the Bowie & Dick test with the KEY (P).
- Press the KEY (S) to start the Bowie & Dick test.
- After successful completion of the program the display shows in alternation with the current batch number of the day and **`Quit with button '+'`**. After pressing the KEY (+) you can open the door.

Display water quality



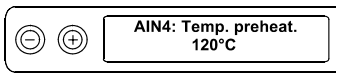
You can at all times have the display of water quality shown on the switched on the autoclave, also during a running program.

To do this keep the KEY (-) pressed until the display shows the →Conductivity. The conductivity is stated in µS/ cm.

As soon as you release the KEY (-) the display returns to its previous status (e.g. initial state).

Pre-heating temperature of the chamber

If you press the KEY (-) twice shortly and the second time keep it pressed, the pre-heating temperature of the chamber is shown instead of the →Conductivity.



Validation

The guidelines for the validation of small steam sterilizers are still not conclusively specified. Please inform yourself about the current state of this matter in the download area of the MELAG internet site at www.melag.de.

Chapter 9 – Errors

In this chapter you learn

- **Which type of messages exist**
- **What you should do in case of errors**
- **What you can do before calling the Hotline**
- **What you can do if no display appears**
- **What you can do when the feed water consumption is too high**
- **What you can do if there are bad drying results**

A warning is not an error

Not all messages which appear on the →display are error messages.

Warning messages

Warning messages are displayed when necessary. Warning messages are not error messages. They help to ensure smooth operation and to recognize undesirable conditions. Observe these warning messages promptly in order to avoid errors.

Error message

Error messages are displayed if safe operation or sterilization security is not guaranteed.
These can appear on the →display shortly after switching on the autoclave or while a program is running.

The program is aborted if a malfunction occurs during a program run.

Danger of infection!

- If a program is aborted during the sterilization phase, the load is unsterile. Repackage and repeat the sterilization for the respective →items to be sterilized.

Non-observance endangers the health of your patients and the practice team.

The error message is then shown on the display. in alternation with the current program phase (**`Pressure release`**, **`Ventilation`** or **`End`**) After the program abort or termination, the error message is shown on the display in alternation with the message **`Acknowledge with button "-"`** and **`Program stopped`**. In order to delete the error message, press the KEY (-).

Before you call

Follow the operating procedures shown in connection with a warning text or an error message on the →display of the autoclave. You will find the most important events in the following table. Possible causes and appropriate operating instructions are listed for the events.

If you do not find the event in the table below or your efforts do not lead to success, turn to your specialist dealer or the →authorised MELAG customer service centre in your vicinity. In order to help you, keep the serial number of your autoclave and a detailed fault description of the fault report ready.

Warning message	***Possible causes***	***What you can do***
Warning: Door open / No start possible	Door switch is not closed on start	Push the sliding closure grip downwards until the stop. Correct display: **`Door closed`**
Warning: No feed water/ Refill feed water – No start possible	Only if feed water supply from internal storage tank: not enough feed water in the internal storage tank	Check feed water level in the internal storage tank check, if necessary refill feed water
Warning: No feed water/ Check feed water quality	The warning message appears after program start. The built-in flow monitor doesn't close	**Feed water supply from internal storage tank:** If the message appears repeatedly, have the unit checked by the MELAG customer service **Feed water supply from MELA*dem*® 40** Check water treatment unit, possibly open inflow to the unit. If the message appears repeatedly, have the unit checked by the MELAG customer service **Feed water-supply from MEL*dem*® 47** Check water treatment unit, possibly open inflow to the unit. When the pressure reservoir is empty about 1 h after restart and the message is repeated, have the water treatment unit checked by the MELAG customer service **Notice!** At the first start-up or re-start-up, this message can occur once since the piping system is still not completely filled: restart
Attention – empty the wastewater tank / No start possible	left chamber of the storage tank (wastewater side) is full	Empty the left chamber of storage tank (wastewater side), see page37, **Chapter 6 – Maintenance**
Feed water quality bad/ exchange cartridge/ module	Conductivity of the feed water too high Conductivity ≥ 40 µS	**Still possible to start by repeatedly pressing the KEY (S):** **Feed water-supply off**

Warning message	*Possible causes*	*What you can do*
	Mixed-bed resin pellets consumed	**MELA*dem*®40:** Switch the mixed-bed resin pellets (Art. No. 61026) ,see Operating Manual for the water treatment unit MELA*dem*®40
	Mixed-bed resin pellets in the after ion exchanger (3rd cartridge) consumed	**MELA*dem*®47 :** Switch mixed-bed resin pellets (Art. No. 37470), see Operating Manual for the water treatment unit MELA*dem*®47 and examine the unit On repeated occurrence, have maintenance carried out by MELAG customer service or service of the specialist trade. Possibly the pre- and activated carbon filter must be exchanged in addition.
	Mixed-bed resin pellets in reverse osmosis facility consumed	**For another water treatment unit:** Exchange module/ resin cartridge according to the operating manual of the manufacturer On repeated occurrence, carry out maintenance **NOTICE:** Initiate program start after completion of the above-mentioned work. On the first start after maintenance of the water treatment unit, this warning text can appear once again since the inlet hose/ measuring cell are still not completely flushed with fresh water
Feed water quality insufficient/ No start possible	Conductivity of the feed water too high Conductivity ≥ 65 µS	**Start no longer possible:** See warning message: Feed water quality bad/ switch cartridge/ module
Warning/ Exchange sterile filter	min. / max. pressure on ventilation drying is too low/ high Sterile filter polluted or torn	Exchange sterile filter (Art. No. 20160) **NOTICE:** Message comes at the end of the program and in last row on logging printouts.
Output medium is not ready	The autoclave is operated without output medium although a output medium is registered	Select the option in the menu **`Batch output`** **`No output medium`** (see page 30, **Initialization of the log printer**)
	Output medium is not correctly connected	Correct connection of the data cable to the autoclave and test at the output medium.
	Electric power supply of the printer is interrupted	Ensure electric power supply, the red LED "P" at the log printer MELA*print*®42 must light red
	Printer is "offline"	Set printer to "online" (press key "SEL" at the MELA*print*®42, LED "SEL" must light green)
Protocol memory full	The device-internal log memory is allocated (max. 40 logs possible).	The message is shown at the start of a program. Repeatedly press the KEY (S) to delete the message, and the program starts. The oldest log is then deleted.

Warning message	*Possible causes*	*What you can do*
	An output medium is registered and in the menu **`Batch output`** the option **`Immediate output No`** is set.	Set printer to **`Immediate output Yes`** (see page 33, **Automatic immediate log output**) Delete printer memory (see Page 34, **Delete stored logfiles**, possibly output all stored logs beforehand (see page 34, **Print all saved logs)** Log off the output medium in the menu **`batch output output medium`** and set the option **`no output medium`**.
Execute Service	The servicing message is activated, the device has reached the prescribed batch number	The message is shown at program start. Repeatedly press the KEY (S) to delete the message, and the program starts. Retain the message: press the (S) key twice to start Carry out maintenance with MELAG customer service or service of the specialist trade **NOTICE:** Service counter is reset by the customer service
Test not successful Leakage rate: 3.2	The leakage rate determined by the vacuum test lies above the maximum permissible value of 1.3 mbar.	
	Door seal, chamber flange is contaminated	Check door seal and chamber flange for cleanliness, possibly clean Check door seal for damage, possibly exchange, see page 11 Repeat vacuum test with completely cold device
	Door seal wrongly inserted	Check door seal for correct seating Repeat vacuum test with completely cold device
Warning! Battery empty	The monitoring of the device's internal battery voltage has determined a too low voltage value.	The battery must be exchanged by MELAG customer service or service of the specialist trade

Error message	*Possible causes*	*What you can do*
Error 1: Vacuum system	Door seal, sealing surface at the chamber is polluted or defective	Check door seal and sealing surface at the chamber for contamination and clean it; Check door seal for defects, possibly exchange, see page 11
	Door seal wrongly inserted	Check door seal for correct seating Check the correct set-up of the autoclave. Check the autoclave for fallen instruments, filter paper etc. which might be lying on the chamber floor
Error 2: Steam generator	autoclave is overloaded	Pay attention to the correct loading quantities (see page 20, **Load autoclave**)
	Decreased heating power, since supply voltage too low	Check building-side electrical Installation, operate device on a trial basis on another electric circuit. If problem persists, notify specialist dealers
Error 4: Pressure release	Pressure release filter is soiled	Check whether the pressure-release filter is clogged (in chamber bottom in the rear area). Beforehand, unscrew the filter. On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 8:Time-base	Maximum difference between the program cycle time and the internal computer clock is exceeded	On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 9: Door open!	The locking sliding handle was pushed upwards during a running program	Push the sliding closure grip downwards until the stop. Correct display: **`Door closed`** On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 10: Overheat Steam generator	Capillary tube regulator "level control" is opened at program start (error message immediately after start) or during a program run (until the end of the sterilization) the monitoring time until the capillary tube regulator is switched back (with water feed from feed water) is exceeded	After program termination and immediate start, this error message can be repeated after a pause time of two minutes On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 12: Door locking	Locking pin of the door is stiff	Check the smooth running of the door locking pin On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 14: No feed water		see warning text **`Warning no feed water`**, however this error appears after the start of a program

Error message	*Possible causes*	*What you can do*
Error 18: Sensor: ...Input: …	The device-internal inspection of the sensors for temperature, pressure or conductivity resulted in a too large deviation, the message can occur when the device is switched on or during a program	On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 21: Preheating	The monitoring time from switching on the pre-heating until the achievement of the respective pre-heating temperature was exceeded	On repeated occurrence select option **`Automatic pre-heating No`** (see page 23) and notify specialist dealers
Error 22: Overheat Preheating	The maximum preheating temperature was exceeded	On repeated occurrence select option **`Automatic pre-heating No`** (see page 23, **Select automatic pre-heating**) and notify specialist dealers
Error 23: Current	Monitoring time for the pressure release in the outflow procedure during fractionations was exceeded Flow filter soiled	Check flow filter lower front in the chamber floor On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 26: A/D converting	The maximum admissible deviation of the computer-internal signal conditioning (A/D converting) was exceeded	On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 27: Temp.Sens. def 1.2	The maximum admissible deviation between the two temperature sensors for the steam temperature was exceeded	On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 31:System leak	During the program vacuum test the permitted pressure maximum was exceeded (very large leak) after achieving the evacuation pressure	Repeat vacuum test, if renewed error message, notify specialist dealers
Error 32: Power loss / Sterilize sterile filter	The loss of the operating voltage occurred after the start of a program	The error message occurs after the operating voltage is again available Check building-side installation, If no defects are detectable, notify MELAG customer service In the event of power failure after a program has been started in overpressure, an additional request appears to sterilize the sterile filter, since this has become damp and is possibly contaminated with microbes. Exchange sterile filter at the back side of the autoclave, sterilize the filter in the Quick Program, after the expiration of the program, plug in the filter again

Error message	*Possible causes*	*What you can do*
	Disconnection of the autoclave during a running program	Only terminate a running program with KEY (S) (see also page 25, **Manually terminate program**)
Error 33: Pressure drop	The maximum switch-on time of the steam generator for achieving the control pressure was exceeded	On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 34: Sterilization TU	Shortfall of the minimum permissible sterilization temperature	Operate device with smaller load, possibly carry out vacuum test Check door seal for wear On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 35: Sterilization TO	Exceeding the maximum permissible sterilization temperature	Carry out vacuum test On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 36: Sterilization PU	Shortfall of the minimum sterilization pressure	Operate device with smaller load, possibly carry out vacuum test Check door seal for wear On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 37: Sterilization PO	Exceeding the maximum permissible sterilization pressure	On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 38: Sterilization TD	Maximum permitted difference between measured and theoretical temperature was exceeded	On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 41: Current drying	Flow filter soiled	Check flow filter lower front on the chamber (right behind the door) On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 42: Drying press. pump	Sterile filter soiled	Check sterile filter, exchange if necessary On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer
Error 43: Drying vacuum pump	Flow filter soiled	Check flow filter lower front on the chamber (right behind the door) On repeated occurrence notify your specialist dealer

No display on the screen

After switching on the autoclave the display remains empty.

What you can do

- Check whether the power plug is correctly in the socket.
- Check the supply voltage at the socket.
- If necessary, switch the instrument securing at the lower front of the autoclave (see page 10, **Fig. 1/(7)**)off. Follow the instructions in the technical manual in **Exchange device safeguards**.

Too large feed water consumption

The feed water consumption is dependent upon the program and the loading of the autoclave.

What you can do

- Check the correct set-up of the autoclave. If necessary, adjust the tilt of the autoclave by further screwing out the front feet of the unit.
- The floor of the vessel must be free. Where applicable, remove fallen instruments, filter paper, etc.

Bad drying results

Apart from a proper device function, the drying process depends decisively on the correct setting up and loading of the autoclave.

What you can do

- Check the correct set-up of the autoclave. If necessary increase the tilt by further screwing out the front feet of the unit.
- The floor of the vessel must be free. Where applicable, remove fallen instruments, filter paper, etc.
- The tank filter is clogged. If necessary, check and clean it.
- Pay attention to the correct loading of the autoclave (see page 20 **Load the autoclave)**.
- Do not overload the autoclave. Pay attention that textiles have no direct contact with the chamber wall and floor.
- Activate the pre-heating (see page 23,**Select automatic pre-heating**)
- Employ the function Additional Drying (see page 24, **Additional Drying**).

Glossary

Air leakage – checking the air leakage
Air leakage is a poorly sealed location through which unwanted air can enter or escape;
Checking the air leakage serves to verify that the volume of the air leak in the sterilization chamber during the vacuum stages does not exceed a value where it would prevents the intrusion of steam into the sterilizer load, and that the air leakage is not a possible cause of a renewed →contamination of the sterilizer load during drying

aqua dem
→demineralized water

aqua dest
→distilled water

Authorized persons
Medical specialist dealers, technician from depots or with customer service designated by MELAG, who were trained by MELAG

Heating-up period
After switching on the autoclave or after starting a sterilization program, it is the time required for heating up the steam generator before the sterilization process starts; duration depends on the temperature of the sterilizing process

Batch
Collection of the →items to be sterilized that together passed through one and the same sterilization program

Bowie & Dick test
Steam penetration test with standard testing packet; described in →DIN EN 285; test is recognised for large-scale sterilizations

CF card
Compact Flash Card;
Memory card for digital data of compact model size;
CF is a normed standard, i.e. this memory card can be employed in every device with a CF slot. The CF Card can be read and possibly written by every device that supports the standard,

Condensate
A liquid (e.g. water), which forms upon cooling from the vaporous state and thereby separates

Conductivity
is the reciprocal value of the electrical resistance; unit of measurement in microsiemens/centimetre (µS/cm); the more materials are dissolved in water, the better it conducts electrical current and the higher is its conductivity.
→distilled water ideally has the conductivity zero

Conductivity measurement
Measurement of the →conductivity

Contamination
here: Soiling of the sterilized load with unwanted or harmful materials

Corrosion
Chemical change or destruction of metallic materials by water and chemicals

Delayed boiling
This is the phenomenon that in certain conditions liquids can be heated beyond their boiling point without boiling; this state is unstable; a slight shock can cause a very rapid formation of a large gas bubble which expands like an explosion

Demineralized water
Also designated as aqua dem; water to a large extent without the minerals which occur in normal mineral or tap water; is obtained by ion exchange from normal tap water. It is employed here as →feed water

DIN EN 867-5
European standard: non-biological systems for use in sterilizers – Part 5: Stipulations of indicator systems and testing bodies for performance tests of small sterilizers of Type B and Type S

DIN EN 868
European standard: Packaging materials and systems for medical devices to be sterilized

DIN EN ISO 11140-1
European standard – Sterilization of products for health care – chemical indicators – Part 1: General requirements

DIN EN ISO 11607-1
Standard – Requirements on materials, →sterile barrier systems and packaging systems; this standard is a harmonization of the DIN EN 868 Part 1 and the international standard DIN EN ISO 11607.

DIN EN 13060
European standard –Small steam sterilizers

DIN EN 285
European standard – sterilization – steam sterilizers – large sterilizers

Display
Display device on electronic devices; here: Graphic display of the control panel

Distilled water
From lat. aqua destillata; also designated as aqua dest; water, which is largely freely of salts, organic materials and microorganisms, is obtained by distillation (evaporation and subsequent condensation) from normal tap water or pre-cleaned water. It is employed here as →feed water

Dynamic pressure test of the sterilization chamber
Serves to verify that the rate of the change of pressure occurring in the sterilization chamber during a sterilization cycle does not exceed a certain value, which could lead to damage of the wrapping material
[→DIN EN 13060]

Empty chamber test
Test without load; carried out in order to evaluate the performance of the sterilizer without the influence of the load; permits checking the maintained temperatures and pressures with respect to the intended settings
[→DIN EN 13060]

Evacuation
Creation of a →vacuum in a vessel

Feed water
Is required for the creation of water steam for the sterilization; typical values for the water quality according to →DIN EN 285 or →DIN EN 13060 – Appendix C, at least however battery water according to →VDE 0510

FTP
(engl.: File Transfer Protocol) is a data communication method which serves for the transmission of data from the internet. These data can contain programs, files or information. Special FTP programs (FTP clients) serve for uploading any data on a server.

Fractionated flow method
Overpressure method in which the air is expelled from the chamber and the items to be sterilized by alternating between steam entry and steam outlet.

Hollow bodies A
One-sided open bodies, for which applies:
1 = L/D = 750 and L = 1500 mm or
a double-sided open body for which applies:
2 = L/D = 1500 and L = 3000 mm and which does not correspond to the hollow body B
L…hollow body length
D…hollow body diam

Hollow bodies B
One-sided open bodies, for which applies:
1 = L/D = 5 and L = 5 mm or
a double-sided open body for which applies:
2 = L/D = 10 and D = 5
L…hollow body length
D…hollow body diameter
[→DIN EN 13060]

Initialization
Creation of a certain initial state of the →software at start-up

Integrated steam generation
The steam generator is located directly on the floor of the sterilization chamber

Items to be sterilized
Unsterile objects, materials still to be sterilized

LED
Abbreviation for Light Emitting Diode; Semiconductor diode which lights up when powered by current. LEDs are predominantly employed for status displays in devices, for example to display hard disk access.

Lubricants
Instrument oil or instrument milk

Mixed load
Wrapped and unwrapped materials to be sterilized within one load

Multiple wrapping
e.g. instruments doubly sealed in foil or wrapped in foil are additionally found in one container or in a textile wrapped container

Porous
Pervious to liquids and air, e.g. textiles

Porous full load – Check of porous full load
Serves to verify that for the values set on the control, the required sterilization conditions are achieved in porous loads with the maximum mass for their sterilization in a sterilizer designed according to →DIN EN 13060
[DIN EN 13060]

Porous partial load – Check of porous partial load
Serves to verify that for the values set on the control, the steam quickly and uniformly penetrates into the defined test packet
[→DIN EN 13060]

Porous small parts
Made of materials which can absorb fluids (e.g. liquids)

Pre-vacuum method
iIn contrast to the fractionated vacuum method, a vacuum is created only once to remove the air from the sterilization chamber; not so suitable for complicated hollow bodies such as Type A

Process evaluation system
Also self-monitoring system – observes itself, acts during the programs, compares sensors with each other

Pulsating overpressure drying
Drying method which removes moisture from the chamber and the items to be sterilized by alternating between air entry and discharge.

RKI
Robert Koch Institute

Self-Monitoring-system
→Process evaluation system

Separate steam production
The steam generator is located outside the sterilization chamber. The sterilization chamber is protected from overheating in this way.

Simple wrapping
Wrapped once, e.g. instruments sealed in a foil. – contrasted to: →Multiple wrapping

Software
non-material components of a EDP system; e.g. computer programs

Soft sterilization package
e.g. paper bags or clear-plastic sterilization packages

Solid
Without hollows or spaces; firm, dense, closed

Solid load – check of solid load
Serves to verify that for the values set on the control, the required sterilization conditions were achieved within the entire load. The load must represent the maximum measurements of solid instruments for whose sterilization a sterilizer has been designed according to →DIN EN 13060
[DIN EN 13060]

Stainless steel cleaning agent
e.g. Sidol

Standards-compliant
Conformity with all the relevant standards

Sterile barrier systems
Closed minimum packaging which prevent the occurrence of microorganisms, e.g. bags closed with sealing, closed reusable containers, folded sterilization cloths

Sterilized items
Also designated as →batch, if already successfully sterilized: sterile goods

Sterilization chamber
Interior of a sterilizer
Takes up the →items to be sterilized

TCP
(engl.: transmission control protocol) designates a standard-protocol for a connection between computers and networks

Vacuum
Colloquially: Space free of matter
in the technical sense: Volume with reduced gas pressure (usually air pressure)

Vacuum drying
Gentle drying; the drying goods are exposed to an underpressure which reduces the boiling point and thereby also at low temperatures leads to a vaporizing of the water

VDE
Verband der Elektrotechnik, Elektronik und Informationstechnik e.V. (Association of German Electricians)

VDE 0510
Standard of the →VDE – Provisions for accumulators and battery units

Appendix A – Accessories

	Article	***Order number****	
		Euroklav®23 VS+	***Euroklav®29 VS+***
Tray mounts	A for 5 trays or 3 standard-tray cassette	40244	40233
	B for 4 standard-tray cassettes	40224	40234
	D for 2 high cassettes or 4 trays	46840	
Sterilization containers with single-use paper filters according to DIN EN 868-8	15K depth/ width/ height in cm: 18/ 12/ 4,5	01151	
	15M depth/ width/ height in cm. 35/ 12/ 4,5	01152	
	15G depth/ width/ height in cm: 35/ 12/ 8	01153	
	17K depth/ width/ height in cm: 20/ 14/ 5	01171	
	17M Depth/ width/ height in cm: 41/ 14/ 5	01172	
	17G depth/ width/ height in cm: 14/ 14/ 9	01173	
	23M depth/ width/ height in cm: 42/ 16/ 6	01231	
	23G depth/ width/ height in cm: 42/ 16/ 12	01232	
	28M depth/ width/ height in mm: 32/ 16/ 6	01284	
	28G depth/ width/ height in mm: 32/ 16/ 12	01285	
Swab drums with filter cloth	17R diameter/ height in cm: 13/ 10,5	00174	
	23R diameter/height in mm: 18/ 14	00233	
Package Holder	for chamber ∅ 25 cm X 45 or 35 cm	22420	22410
Standard tray cassette	Perforated, depth/width/height in mm: 29/ 19/ 4		
	with filter cloth	00289	
	without filter cloth	00286	
Trays	tray	00230	00280
Water treatment units	MELA*dem*®40 ion exchanger	01049	
	MELA*dem*®47 reverse-osmosis unit	01047	
For the documentation	MELA*flash* CF Card printer incl. MELA*flash* CF card and card reader	01039	
	MELA*net* Box	40296	
	MELA*print*®42 log printer	01042	
Other	Water stop valve	01056	
	Surface-mounted siphon	37410	
	Device safeguards 16A/ gRI	57592	

*All specified articles are available at the specialist dealers

Appendix B – Symbols on the autoclave

The manufacturer of the apparatus declares with the accompanying sticker that the medical device corresponds to the basic requirements of the European Standard EN1717 – "Protection of drinking water from contaminants…."

The symbol of the struck out trashcan identifies a device that may not be disposed with domestic waste. An appropriate and competent disposal must be carried out by the marketing party.

With the designation of an apparatus with this symbol, the manufacturer furthermore declares that he satisfies all requirements of the law concerning the release, withdrawal and environmentally compatible disposal of electric and electronic appliances.

With the CE sign CE 0124, the manufacturer declares that the medical device corresponds to the basic requirements of the German Medical Device Guideline. The four-digit number means that an approved certification body (here:DEKRA) monitors the product certification.

With the CE sign CE 0035, the manufacturer declares that the medical device corresponds to the basic requirements of the German Printing Device Guideline. The four-digit number means that an approved certification body (here: TI Rheinland-Berlin/Brandenburg) monitors the product certification.